

THE 52ND STREET PROJECT, INC.
Financial Statements
June 30, 2024 and 2023
With Independent Auditor's Report

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
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June 30, 2024 and 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of
The 52nd Street Project, Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The 52nd Street Project, Inc. (a not-for-profit corporation) (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The 52nd Street Project, Inc. as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

WithumSmith+Brown, PC

November 20, 2024

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statements of Financial Position
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 548,642	\$ 220,000	\$ 768,642	\$ 240,006	\$ 10,856	\$ 250,862
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	75,443	-	75,443	30,250	-	30,250
Unconditional promises to give	42,475	-	42,475	68,678	105,000	173,678
Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable	2,562	-	2,562	2,562	-	2,562
Prepaid expenses	23,465	-	23,465	50,469	-	50,469
Total current assets	692,587	220,000	912,587	391,965	115,856	507,821
Investments	5,686,877	397,736	6,084,613	5,991,023	397,736	6,388,759
Property and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation	9,186,897	-	9,186,897	9,549,696	-	9,549,696
Operating right of use asset, net	2,181,575	-	2,181,575	2,187,104	-	2,187,104
Total assets	<u>\$ 17,747,936</u>	<u>\$ 617,736</u>	<u>\$ 18,365,672</u>	<u>\$ 18,119,788</u>	<u>\$ 513,592</u>	<u>\$ 18,633,380</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 146,218	\$ -	\$ 146,218	\$ 104,503	\$ -	\$ 104,503
Deferred income	25,000	-	25,000	15,000	-	5,640
EIDL loan payable, current portion	3,410	-	3,410	3,305	-	3,305
Operating lease payable, current portion	5,702	-	5,702	5,528	-	5,528
Total current liabilities	180,330	-	180,330	128,336	-	128,336
EIDL loan payable, net of current portion	146,590	-	146,590	145,112	-	145,112
Operating lease payable, net of current portion	2,175,873	-	2,175,873	2,181,576	-	2,181,576
Total liabilities	<u>2,502,793</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,502,793</u>	<u>2,455,024</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,455,024</u>
Net assets						
Without donor restrictions						
Property and equipment, net	9,186,897	-	9,186,897	9,549,696	-	9,549,696
Board-designated	6,153,033	-	6,153,033	6,261,507	-	6,261,507
General operating	(94,787)	-	(94,787)	(146,439)	-	(146,439)
With donor restrictions	-	617,736	617,736	-	513,592	513,592
Total net assets	<u>15,245,143</u>	<u>617,736</u>	<u>15,862,879</u>	<u>15,664,764</u>	<u>513,592</u>	<u>16,178,356</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 17,747,936</u>	<u>\$ 617,736</u>	<u>\$ 18,365,672</u>	<u>\$ 18,119,788</u>	<u>\$ 513,592</u>	<u>\$ 18,633,380</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statements of Activities
Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024				2023			
	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor	Total	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor	Total
	Unrestricted	Board - Designated	Restrictions		Unrestricted	Board - Designated	Restrictions	
Operating activities								
Public support and other revenue								
Public support								
Government	\$ 85,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ 175,380	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 175,380
Foundations	90,000	-	50,000	140,000	161,500	-	105,000	266,500
Corporations	141,747	-	150,000	291,747	67,491	-	-	67,491
Individuals	427,205	-	20,000	447,205	286,796	-	-	286,796
Fundraising benefits	371,045	-	-	371,045	312,952	-	-	312,952
Less: Direct costs of fundraising benefits	(87,221)	-	-	(87,221)	(86,326)	-	-	(86,326)
Net assets released from restrictions	115,856	-	(115,856)	-	81,395	-	(81,395)	-
Total public support	1,143,632	-	104,144	1,247,776	999,188	-	23,605	1,022,793
Other revenue								
Theatre rental income	179,185	-	-	179,185	148,420	-	-	148,420
Labor reimbursements	18,702	-	-	18,702	17,192	-	-	17,192
Other income	7,363	-	-	7,363	6,889	-	-	6,889
Total other revenue	205,250	-	-	205,250	172,501	-	-	172,501
Total public support and other revenue	1,348,882	-	104,144	1,453,026	1,171,689	-	23,605	1,195,294
Expenses								
Program services	1,854,149	-	-	1,854,149	1,804,141	-	-	1,804,141
Supporting services								
Management and general	227,269	-	-	227,269	176,183	-	-	176,183
Fundraising	153,178	-	-	153,178	155,048	-	-	155,048
Total supporting services	380,447	-	-	380,447	331,231	-	-	331,231
Total expenses	2,234,596	-	-	2,234,596	2,135,372	-	-	2,135,372
Change in net assets before nonoperating activities (carried forward)	(885,714)	-	104,144	(781,570)	(963,683)	-	23,605	(940,078)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statements of Activities
Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024				2023			
	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions	Total
	Unrestricted	Board-Designated			Unrestricted	Board-Designated		
Change in net assets before non-operating activities (brought forward)	\$ (885,714)	\$ -	\$ 104,144	\$ (781,570)	\$ (963,683)	\$ -	\$ 23,605	\$ (940,078)
Non-operating activities								
Investment return, net	-	436,814	29,279	466,093	-	227,899	14,983	242,882
Excess earnings, net	-	29,279	(29,279)	-	-	14,983	(14,983)	-
Spending policy distribution	503,571	(503,571)	-	-	541,263	(541,263)	-	-
Total non-operating activities	503,571	(37,478)	-	466,093	541,263	(298,381)	-	242,882
Change in net assets	(382,143)	(37,478)	104,144	(315,477)	(422,420)	(298,381)	23,605	(697,196)
Net transfers - purchase of property and equipment	70,996	(70,996)	-	-	49,773	(49,773)	-	-
Net assets								
Beginning of year	9,403,257	6,261,507	513,592	16,178,356	9,775,904	6,609,661	489,987	16,875,552
End of year	\$ 9,092,110	\$ 6,153,033	\$ 617,736	\$ 15,862,879	\$ 9,403,257	\$ 6,261,507	\$ 513,592	\$ 16,178,356

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Services	Supporting Services			Total	Total Expenses
		Management and General	Fundraising	Costs of Direct Donor Benefits		
Salaries, wages, benefits, and taxes	\$ 997,775	\$ 87,575	\$ 101,550	\$ -	\$ 189,125	\$ 1,186,900
Marketing and press	4,143	5,898	3,782	-	9,680	13,823
Repairs and maintenance	35,244	1,958	1,959	-	3,917	39,161
Professional fees	121,050	63,399	5,502	-	68,901	189,951
Supplies and office expenses	14,008	6,807	1,888	-	8,695	22,703
Insurance	64,366	3,576	3,576	-	7,152	71,518
Lease and occupancy costs	133,225	7,401	7,401	-	14,802	148,027
Security	17,176	954	954	-	1,908	19,084
Telecommunications	8,500	472	472	-	944	9,444
Postage, delivery, and printing	2,311	112	2,919	-	3,031	5,342
Scholarships	25,000	-	-	-	-	25,000
Subscriptions, dues, and memberships	240	5,265	-	-	5,265	5,505
Direct event expenses	-	-	-	87,221	87,221	87,221
Indirect event expenses	1,320	-	-	-	-	1,320
Touring travel, housing, and food	24,643	167	1,276	-	1,443	26,086
Catering and hospitality	14,733	3,220	209	-	3,429	18,162
Bank and processing fees	-	9,581	-	-	9,581	9,581
Bad debt expense	-	5,000	-	-	5,000	5,000
Depreciation	390,415	21,690	21,690	-	43,380	433,795
Interest expense	-	4,194	-	-	4,194	4,194
	1,854,149	227,269	153,178	87,221	467,668	2,321,817
Less: Direct costs of special events netted with revenue	-	-	-	(87,221)	(87,221)	(87,221)
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1,854,149</u>	<u>\$ 227,269</u>	<u>\$ 153,178</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 380,447</u>	<u>\$ 2,234,596</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Services	Supporting Services			Total	Total Expenses
		Management and General	Fundraising	Costs of Direct Donor Benefits		
Salaries, wages, benefits, and taxes	\$ 979,871	\$ 92,503	\$ 101,599	\$ -	\$ 194,102	\$ 1,173,973
Marketing and press	3,790	5,409	3,782	-	9,191	12,981
Repairs and maintenance	31,509	1,458	1,458	-	2,916	34,425
Professional fees	105,663	26,715	4,953	-	31,668	137,331
Supplies and office expenses	18,146	1,055	1,002	-	2,057	20,203
Insurance	65,197	3,622	3,622	-	7,244	72,441
Rent and utilities	132,109	7,339	7,339	-	14,678	146,787
Security	20,145	1,119	1,119	-	2,238	22,383
Telecommunications	8,286	460	460	-	920	9,206
Postage, delivery, and printing	814	43	4,092	-	4,135	4,949
Scholarships	36,500	-	-	-	-	36,500
Subscriptions, dues, and memberships	360	2,628	-	-	2,628	2,988
Direct event expenses	-	-	-	86,499	86,499	86,499
Indirect event expenses	-	-	3,584	-	3,584	3,584
Touring travel, housing, and food	13,749	865	782	-	1,647	15,396
Catering and hospitality	14,511	597	507	-	1,104	15,615
Bank and processing fees	-	7,197	-	-	7,197	7,197
Depreciation	373,491	20,749	20,749	-	41,498	414,989
Interest expense	-	4,424	-	-	4,424	4,424
	<u>1,804,141</u>	<u>176,183</u>	<u>155,048</u>	<u>86,499</u>	<u>417,730</u>	<u>2,221,871</u>
Less: Direct costs of special events netted with revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(86,499)</u>	<u>(86,499)</u>	<u>(86,499)</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1,804,141</u>	<u>\$ 176,183</u>	<u>\$ 155,048</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 331,231</u>	<u>\$ 2,135,372</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows
Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Operating and non-operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (315,477)	\$ (697,196)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating and non-operating activities		
Depreciation	433,795	414,989
Amortization of right of use asset	5,528	5,359
Realized loss on sale of investments	667,673	263,722
Unrealized gain on investments	(911,421)	(306,200)
Donated securities	(17,736)	(20,384)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(45,193)	5,703
Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable	-	305,870
Prepaid expenses	27,004	25,526
Unconditional promises to give	131,203	(57,253)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	41,715	25,629
Deferred rental income	10,000	9,360
Lease liability, operating	(5,528)	(5,359)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating and non-operating activities	<u>21,563</u>	<u>(30,234)</u>
Investing activities		
Purchase of investments	(5,536,525)	(2,952,729)
Proceeds from sale of investments and donated securities	6,102,155	3,018,486
Purchase of property and equipment	(70,996)	(49,773)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>494,634</u>	<u>15,984</u>
Financing activities		
Principal payments on EIDL loan payable	1,583	(1,369)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	517,780	(15,619)
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year	<u>250,862</u>	<u>266,481</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 768,642</u>	<u>\$ 250,862</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ 4,194</u>	<u>\$ 4,424</u>
Non-cash investing and financing transaction		
Right of use assets in exchange for operating lease	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,192,463</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The 52nd Street Project, Inc. (the “Organization” or the “Project”) is a not-for-profit organization incorporated in New York State in January 1989. The mission of the Organization, a community-based arts organization, is to bring together kids from Hell’s Kitchen in Manhattan, starting at age ten and lasting through their teens, with theatre professionals to create original theatre offered free to the general public. By building on the core experience of accomplishment and collaboration, the Project fosters a sense of inclusion in a place where the children belong and where their creative work is the driving force. Through long-term mentoring relationships and exposure to diverse art forms, the Project seeks to expand the children’s means of expression and to improve their literacy, their life skills, and their attitude towards learning.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”).

The Organization’s resources are classified and reported as separate classes of net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions: Include expendable resources that are used to carry out the Organization’s operations and are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Net assets without donor restrictions may be designated for specific purposes by the Organization or may be limited by contractual agreements. In addition, net assets without donor restrictions include board-designated endowment funds and property and equipment used in operations.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by the actions of the Organization or through the passage of time. Items that affect this net asset category are gifts for which donor-imposed restrictions have not been met in the year of receipt. Expirations of restrictions on net assets with donor restrictions are reported as net assets released from restrictions. Also included in this category are net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Organization, including gifts and pledges wherein donors stipulate that the corpus of the gift be held in perpetuity and that only the income may be made available for operations, subject to the Organization’s spending policy.

Operating Measure

The statements of activities include operating and nonoperating classifications. Nonoperating activities include the forgiveness of indebtedness on the investment return, net, and donated equipment as well as the impact of the spending policy on investments. All other revenues and expenses are included in operating activities within the statements of activities.

New Accounting Pronouncement Adopted

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued an Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) amending the accounting for credit losses on financial instruments. This methodology replaced the incurred loss methodology with the expected credit losses using a wide range of reasonable and supportable information. The amendment affects loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off-balance-sheet credit exposure and other financial instruments recorded at amortized cost. The Organization adopted the new standard effective July 1, 2023, using the modified retrospective approach. Comparative prior periods were not adjusted upon adoption. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on prior balances.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024 and 2023

Tax Status and Uncertain Tax Positions

The Organization is a not-for-profit corporation, exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 402 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law in New York State.

The Organization believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. There are no income tax related penalties or interest included in these financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of financial position and cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash reserve funds held by the investment manager are considered as cash.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined by using quoted market prices, when available. Common stocks are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded. Corporate bonds are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, those corporate bonds are valued under a discounted cash flow approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields or similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks.

Investments in mutual funds are valued at the net asset value as of the close of each business day. Mutual funds are open-end mutual funds and are registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value and to transact at those published prices. The mutual funds held by the Organization are deemed to be actively traded.

Fixed income securities acquired over 60 days to maturity are valued using the last bid prices or using valuations based on a matrix system (which considers such factors as security prices, yields, maturities, and ratings), both as furnished by independent pricing services. Interest income is recorded as earned.

Gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, resulting from increases or decreases in the fair value of investments are reflected in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the use was restricted by explicit donor stipulations or by law. Donated investments are recorded at the fair value at the date of receipt. Investment-related fees are offset with net investment income.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to income as incurred; replacements and betterments that extend the useful lives are capitalized. Lesser amounts are expensed. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value. Such donations are reported as contributions without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as contributions with donor restrictions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long the donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expiration of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service. The Organization reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time. Equipment and furniture are being depreciated over the useful life of the related asset using the straight-line method, with a half of a year's depreciation recognized in the years of acquisition and disposal. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life or periods including options, if any, specified in the related lease agreements.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024 and 2023

Leases

The Organization categorizes leases with contractual terms longer than twelve months as either operating or finance. Finance leases are generally those leases that allow the Organization to substantially utilize or pay for the entire asset over its estimated life. All other leases are categorized as operating leases. Leases with contractual terms of 12 months or less are not recorded on the statement of financial position. The Organization had no finance leases during 2024.

Certain lease contracts include obligations to pay for other services, such as operations, property taxes, and maintenance. For leases of property, the Organization did not account for these other services as a component of the lease, the services are accounted for separately and the Organization allocates payments to the lease and other services components based on estimated stand-alone prices.

Lease liabilities are recognized at the present value of the fixed lease payments, reduced by landlord incentives, using a risk-free rate based on similarly secured borrowings available to the Organization. Right of use assets are recognized based on the initial present value of the fixed lease payments, reduced by landlord incentives, plus any direct costs from executing the leases. Lease assets are tested for impairment in the same manner as long-lived assets used in operations.

Options to extend lease terms, terminate leases before the contractual expiration date, or purchase the leased assets, are evaluated for their likelihood of exercise. If it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised, the option is considered in determining the classification and measurement of the lease.

Revenue and Support Recognition

Contributions and Promises to Give

Grants and contributions are recognized when cash is received or when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Grants and contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions and grants are recognized. All other donor-restricted grants and contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, donor-restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible promises receivable. An allowance for uncollectible promises to give is recorded based on prior years' experience with each donor and management's analysis of specific promises made. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, there is no allowance for uncollectible promises to give recorded.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Organization accounts for concession income as an exchange transaction in the statements of activities. The price for these transactions is fixed and recognized at point in time. Revenues from contracts with customers are treated as revenues without donor restrictions.

Rental income and reimbursed tenant expenses - Rental income and reimbursed tenant expenses are earned monthly based on the terms of the tenant's lease or upon the satisfaction of the terms of short-term leases. Reimbursed tenant expenses are recorded once the Organization has incurred the expense and identified it as a tenant reimbursable expense.

Special event revenue - Special event revenue comprises an exchange element, based on the benefits received, and a contribution element for the difference and is treated as revenue without donor restrictions. The Organization does not have any significant financing components, as payment is received at or shortly after the point of sale. The contribution portion is recognized as a conditional contribution when received and reported as a refundable advance on the statements of financial position and is recognized as revenue when the condition is met, which is when the event takes place. For the exchange portion, funds received in advance of the event date are recorded as contract liabilities in the statements of financial position. Revenue from the exchange portion is recognized at a point in time, which is on the date the event is held.

The 52nd Street Project, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following summarizes the Organization's performance obligations:

In determining the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under its agreements, the Organization performs the following steps: (i) identify contracts with customers; (ii) identify performance obligations; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the Organization satisfies each performance obligation.

The timing of revenue recognition, billings, and cash collections results in accounts receivable and contract liabilities which are shown as deferred income on the statements of financial position. Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, were \$75,443 and \$30,250. Accounts receivable as of July 1, 2022 were \$35,953. Contract liabilities as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$25,000 and \$15,000, respectively. Contract liabilities as of July 1, 2022 were \$5,640.

Other revenues are obtained from investment income and other income. These revenues are used to offset program, management and general, and fundraising expenses. Revenue from these sources is recognized when earned. Certain investment income has been classified as with donor restrictions based on donor stipulations.

Scholarships

Scholarships are recorded as expenses at the time the recipient accepts the award and are generally payable within one year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Significant estimates used in the preparation of these financial statements include depreciation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. RESTRICTIONS ON NET ASSETS

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions include board-designated funds and the property and equipment fund.

The board established funds to provide long-term stability to the Organization with annual cash flows from investment income to be used to fund ongoing operations, to provide cash reserves for operations, and to support the mission of the Organization. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization appropriated \$70,996, and \$49,773, respectively of Board-designated net assets to the property and equipment fund for current year additions. Board-designated net assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are \$6,153,033 and \$6,261,507, respectively.

The property and equipment fund reflects all transactions related to property, equipment, and construction in progress, when applicable. Property and equipment fund net assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are \$9,186,897 and \$9,549,696, respectively.

The Organization has a spending policy of appropriating for distribution each year a set amount based on the Organization's current operating budget. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization appropriated \$503,571 and \$541,263, respectively. In establishing this policy, the Organization considered the long-term expected investment return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long-term, the Organization expects the current spending policy to allow its general endowment fund to grow.

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Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Scholarship and music program	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,856
Future periods	<u>200,000</u>	<u>105,000</u>
	<u>220,000</u>	<u>115,856</u>
 Donor-designated endowments		
One-on-One program endowment	250,000	250,000
Scholarship program	<u>147,736</u>	<u>147,736</u>
	<u>397,736</u>	<u>397,736</u>
 Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$ 617,736</u>	<u>\$ 513,592</u>

The Organization's endowment consists of several donor-restricted endowment funds established for specific purposes which are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. At the donors' request, investment income earned on the One-on-One program endowment and Scholarship program collectively, (the "Funds") is to be distributed to cover actual expenses of the respective programs. Any excess investment income is to be added to the Funds, with any losses reducing net assets without donor restrictions. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, there was no excess from investing added to the Funds and the distribution was \$29,279 and \$14,983, respectively.

One-on-One Endowment Fund

The One-on-One program is an annual summer program run by the Organization that culminates with a theatrical production featuring enrolled youths.

Scholarship Program Fund

The Scholarship program provides college scholarships of \$1,000 each to students annually and is available to youths who have been members of the Organization for at least four years. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization awarded scholarships of \$25,000 and \$36,500, respectively.

The Board of Trustees of the Organization has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("UPMIFA") as requiring the preservation of fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result, the Organization classifies these donor-restricted endowments as net assets with donor restrictions, including (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations and decrements to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified as a permanent endowment is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

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The Organization has adopted an investment policy for endowment assets with the primary goal of maintaining the original value of the endowment principal, while providing funding to programs supported by its endowment. Under this policy, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce income and preserve principal while assuming a very low level of investment risk.

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following facts in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- a. The duration and preservation of the fund;
- b. The purposes of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- c. General economic conditions;
- d. The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- e. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- f. Other resources of the Organization; and
- g. The investment policy of the Organization.

Changes in endowment assets are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	<u>With Donor</u>	<u>With Donor</u>
	<u>Restrictions</u>	<u>Restrictions</u>
Endowment net assets, July 1	\$ 397,736	\$ 397,736
Investment return, net	27,631	14,983
Appropriation for spending	(27,631)	(14,983)
Endowment net assets, June 30	<u>\$ 397,736</u>	<u>\$ 397,736</u>

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIQUIDITY RESOURCES

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditures, such as operating expenses, scheduled principal payments on debt, and capital construction costs not financed with debt, were as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 548,642	\$ 240,006
Accounts receivable	75,443	30,250
Unconditional promises to give	42,475	68,678
Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable	2,562	2,562
Total financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year	<u>\$ 669,122</u>	<u>\$ 341,496</u>

The Organization's cash flows have fluctuations during the year attributable to the timing of program operations. A significant number of contributions received are received annually that support the operations of the Organization. As described in Note 1, the Organization's board-designated fund and donor-restricted endowments provide for annual distributions for operating purposes under the board policy and when funds are spent within the donor requirements.

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4. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Organization has significant cash balances at financial institutions which throughout the year regularly exceed the federally insured limit of \$250,000. Any loss incurred or a lack of access to such funds could have a significant adverse impact on the Organization's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of these securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported on the statements of financial position. Investments are diversified to avoid overconcentration from a specific issuer or sector. Credit risk is minimized by limiting the types of investments as well as through diversification of the investment portfolio.

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted or published prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs are inputs other than quoted or published prices included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable for the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable inputs for the assets or liabilities.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

There have been no changes in investment leveling methodology and there were no purchases, issuances, or transfers in or out of Level 3 during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The following tables represent the Organization's fair value hierarchy for its financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 2,525,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,525,601
Mutual funds	3,559,012	-	-	3,559,012
	<u>\$ 6,084,613</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,084,613</u>

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	2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 2,881,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,881,279
Corporate fixed income	-	626,630	-	626,630
Government securities	1,146,885	-	-	1,146,885
Mutual funds	1,733,965	-	-	1,733,965
	<u>\$ 5,762,129</u>	<u>\$ 626,630</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,388,759</u>

Investment return, net consists of the following for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Interest and dividend income	\$ 269,945	\$ 254,308
Realized loss on sale of investments	(667,673)	(263,722)
Unrealized gain on investments	911,421	306,200
Investment fees	(47,600)	(53,904)
Investment return, net	<u>\$ 466,093</u>	<u>\$ 242,882</u>

6. UNCONDITIONAL PROMISES TO GIVE

Unconditional Promises to Give

When estimating fair value of unconditional promises to give, the relationships with the donor, the donor's past history of making timely payments, and the donor's overall creditworthiness are considered and incorporated into present value techniques. The interest element resulting from amortization of the discount for the time value of money, computed using the effective interest rate method, is reported as contribution revenue. Unconditional promises to give to be received after one year are discounted at a risk-adjusted rate of 5%. Unconditional promises to give consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
	Less Than One Year	Less Than One Year
Without donor restrictions	\$ 42,475	\$ 68,678
With donor restrictions	-	105,000
	<u>\$ 42,475</u>	<u>\$ 173,678</u>

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7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Estimated Life/Years	2024	2023
Leasehold improvements	39	\$ 14,299,256	\$ 14,299,256
Equipment	3-10	743,697	691,465
Furniture and fixtures	7	326,065	326,065
Website development	3	<u>85,452</u>	<u>66,688</u>
		15,454,470	15,383,474
Less: Accumulated depreciation		<u>(6,267,573)</u>	<u>(5,833,778)</u>
		<u>\$ 9,186,897</u>	<u>\$ 9,549,696</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$433,795 and \$414,989, respectively. Leasehold improvements include \$10,600,000 contributed by the New York City Department of Cultural Affairs ("DCA").

8. ECONOMIC INJURY DISASTER LOAN PAYABLE

On August 28, 2020, the Organization was approved for an Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL") in the amount of \$150,000. The EIDL is a 30-year term loan. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 2.75% and is collateralized by all tangible and intangible assets of the Organization. Monthly installments on the loan began 12 months from the date of the loan, which are first applied against accrued interest. The loan is due as follows for the years ending June 30:

2025	\$ 3,410
2026	3,507
2027	3,606
2028	3,707
Thereafter through 2050	<u>135,770</u>
	<u>\$ 150,000</u>

9. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Organization entered into a lease for theatre, program, and office spaces. The building that the spaces are located in was created to pursue the development of theatrical spaces in a public-private housing development project in the Clinton section of Manhattan. Upon completion of the building, there will be three not-for-profit organizations occupying the space. The project is managed by the New York City Department of Design and Construction in collaboration with the DCA. The DCA has contributed approximately \$10,600,000 for all design and construction costs for the Organization's spaces through the date of these financial statements. The lease agreement commenced on April 1, 2008 and will expire on March 31, 2107. The lease provides that the Organization will pay and reimburse the landlord for all operating expenses, respectively, subject to consumer price index increases, rent adjustments, and reserve adjustments. Because the rate implicit in the lease is not available, the Organization utilized a risk-free rate as the discount rate.

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The following is a maturity analysis of the annual undiscounted cash flows of the operating lease liability as of June 30, 2024:

2025	\$ 73,279
2026	73,279
2027	73,279
2028	73,279
2029	73,279
Thereafter	<u>5,770,718</u>
Gross payments due	6,063,834
Less: Imputed Interest	<u>(3,882,259)</u>
Operating lease liability at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 2,181,575</u>

Lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$73,279 and \$73,279, respectively, which is included in lease and occupancy costs. The weighted average discount rate associated with operating lease as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is 3.11%, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the weighted average remaining term of the operating lease is 82.75 and 83.75 years, respectively.

10. OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Organization entered into two license agreements with unrelated parties for the use of the Organization's theatre. The license agreements provide for specific short-term use during July – August during certain production runs with approximate rental payments payable at June 30 as follows:

2025	\$ 54,750
2026	54,750
2027	54,750
2028	54,750
2029	<u>18,250</u>
	<u>\$ 237,250</u>

11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Organization has a 401(k) salary deferral plan. Under the plan, the Organization may make a matching contribution to the employees' plan on a discretionary basis that vests to the employee based on the years of service at the Organization. There was no matching contribution for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

12. FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

The cost of providing the various programs and the supporting services has been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and detailed within the statements of functional expenses. Costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services based on analysis of personnel time and utilization of related activities. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Organization. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, and depreciation and amortization, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, office expense, insurance, and other, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

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13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, contributions aggregating approximately \$158,235 and \$95,333, respectively, were received from members of the board of directors.

14. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the statement of financial position date through the date of November 20, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Organization has determined that no events have occurred that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.